

The preamble was agreed to.

The resolution, with its preamble, reads as follows:

S. RES. 35

Whereas the protection of the privacy of personal information is a global imperative for governments, commerce, civil society, and individuals;

Whereas new and innovative technologies enhance our lives by increasing our abilities to communicate, learn, share, and produce, and every effort should be made to continue both the development and the widespread use of such technologies;

Whereas the use of numerous technologies in our everyday lives and in our work gives rise to the potential compromise of personal data privacy if appropriate care is not taken, by individuals, government, and businesses, to protect personal information;

Whereas many individuals are unaware of the risks to privacy posed by new technologies, of data protection and privacy laws generally, and of specific steps that they can take to help protect the privacy of personal information;

Whereas a continuing examination and understanding of the ways in which personal information is collected, used, stored, shared and managed in an increasingly networked world will contribute to the protection of personal privacy;

Whereas National Data Privacy Day constitutes an international collaboration and a nationwide and statewide effort to raise awareness about data privacy and promote education about the protection of personal information;

Whereas government officials from the United States, Canada, and Europe, privacy professionals, academic communities, legal scholars, representatives of businesses and nonprofit organizations, and others with an interest in data privacy issues are working together on this date to further the discussion about data privacy and protection;

Whereas privacy and security professionals and educators are being encouraged to take the time to discuss data privacy and security issues with teens and young adults in schools and Universities across the country, and parents are being encouraged to discuss data privacy issues with their children;

Whereas the Federal Government has a demonstrated interest in promoting privacy and security education in schools;

Whereas the third annual Congressional recognition of National Data Privacy Day will encourage more people nationwide to be aware of data privacy concerns and to take steps to protect their personal information; and

Whereas January 28, 2011, would be an appropriate day to designate as National Data Privacy Day: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the designation of a National Data Privacy Day;

(2) encourages State and local governments to observe the day with appropriate activities that promote awareness of data privacy;

(3) encourages educators and privacy professionals to discuss data privacy and security issues with teens in high schools across the United States;

(4) encourages corporations to take steps to protect the privacy and security of the personal information of their clients and consumers; to design privacy into products they create where possible; and to promote trust in technologies; and

(5) encourages individuals across the Nation to be aware of data privacy concerns and to take steps to protect their personal information.

ORDERS FOR THURSDAY,
FEBRUARY 3, 2011

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that at 1 p.m. on Thursday, February 3, the Senate proceed to a period of morning business until 3 p.m., with Senators permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes for the purpose of giving remarks relative to the upcoming centennial of the birth of President Ronald Reagan; further, that at 3 p.m. on Thursday, February 3, Senator MANCHIN be recognized for up to 25 minutes to give his maiden speech to the Senate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ORDERS FOR TUESDAY,
FEBRUARY 1, 2011

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it adjourn until 10:30 a.m. on Tuesday, February 1; that following the prayer and pledge, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the morning hour be deemed expired, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and following any leader remarks the Senate proceed to a period of morning business until 12:30 p.m., with Senators permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes each; further, that the Senate recess from 12:30 to 2:15 p.m. for the weekly caucus meetings. Finally, I ask that at 2:15 p.m., the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 5, S. 223, the Federal Aviation Administration Authorization Act.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

PROGRAM

Mr. REID. Mr. President, we have made significant progress. Tomorrow, we will begin the amendment process on FAA. Senators are encouraged to contact the bill managers, Senators ROCKEFELLER and HUTCHISON, if they intend to offer amendments, in order to arrange a time to do so. Senators will be notified when any votes are scheduled.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 10:30 A.M.
TOMORROW

Mr. REID. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask unanimous consent that it adjourn under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 6:20 p.m., adjourned until Tuesday, February 1, 2011, at 10:30 a.m.